



Material Safety Data Sheet

Date Originated: 23/04/2009

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NFPA 	HCS Risk Phrases HCS CLASS: Toxic. HCS CLASS: Irritating substance. HCS CLASS: Sensitizing substance. HCS CLASS: Target organ effects. HCS CLASS: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).	Protective Clothing 
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Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name

MC Anti-Graffiti 100

Synonym

W631.0, W631.0AM

Manufacturer

SUPPLIER:
Wasser Corporation
4118 B PL NW, Suite B
Auburn, WA 98001, US
Phone# 253-850-2967

Chemical Family

Not applicable. (Paint)

In case of Emergency

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:
USA and Canada: 1-800 424-9300
International: 1-703 527-3887

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Name	CAS #	% by Weight	TLV/PEL	LC ₅₀ /LD ₅₀
Homopolymer of HDI	28182-81-2	30-60	Not available.	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 10000 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 5000 mg/kg [Rabbit].
Parachlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	15-40	CEIL: 25 (ppm)	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 6800 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 2700 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 4479 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].
Xylenes	1330-20-7	5-10	TWA: 100 STEL: 150 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL)	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 2000 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 6700 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].
Hexamethylene diisocyanate	822-06-0	0-1	TWA: 0.005 CEIL: 0.02 (ppm) TWA: 0.035 (mg/m ³) TWA: 0.005 CEIL: 0.02 (ppm) from NIOSH	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 710 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: 570 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 23 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat].

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Section 3. Hazards Identification

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Skin contact (absorption). Eye contact. Ingestion.

Potential Acute Health Effects

Eyes: Liquid or spray mist may cause severely irritate eyes. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching.

Skin: This product may irritate skin upon contact. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause skin sensitization. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Irritation or chemical burns of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion of this product. Even small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause pulmonary injury and possibly death.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled (irritant, sensitizer). Over-exposure by inhalation of the vapors/spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. May cause sensitization by inhalation. May cause nausea, vomiting and general weakness. Massive overexposure can cause unconsciousness and death.

Potential Chronic Health Effects

Eyes: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation.

Skin: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis, possibly skin and/or respiratory sensitization. (Skin only exposure can result in lung sensitization).

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed.

Inhalation: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of vapors/spray mist may lead to chronic respiratory irritation and decrease of lungs capacity. May cause respiratory (lung) sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Other chronic effects on Humans

The substance is toxic to mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, lungs, blood, kidney, liver. Exposure may cause asthma, decrease of lung capacity, dermatitis and pulmonary oedema; effects may be delayed. Sensitive individuals may develop eczema and/or asthma on inhalation of this material. However, in light of good industrial hygiene, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running (lukewarm) water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. DO NOT use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Rinse with plenty of running water (15-30 minutes). If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Hazardous Skin Contact If the product gets onto the clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the person under shower. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Rinse with plenty of running water (15-30 minutes). Seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Inhalation Allow the person to rest in a well ventilated area. Loosen tight clothing around the person's neck and waist. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice immediately (show the label when possible).

Hazardous Inhalation Evacuate the person to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing around the person's neck and waist. If the person is not breathing, administer mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Warning: It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Oxygen may be administered if breathing is difficult. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Seek immediate medical attention.

Hazardous Ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting. Have conscious person drink several glasses of water or milk. Never give an unconscious person anything to ingest. Even small amounts of liquid aspirated into lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the person is not breathing, administer mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Avoid mouth-to-mouth contact by using mouth guards or shields. Seek immediate medical attention.

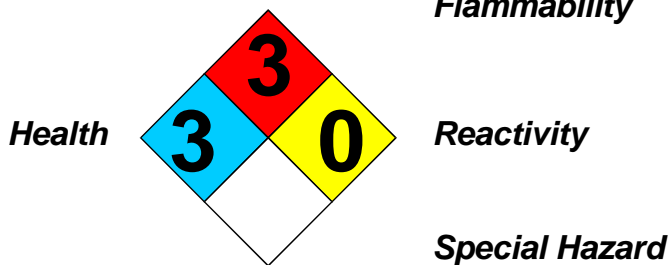
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Section 5. Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product	Flammable.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 460°C (860°F) (Homopolyme r of HDI).
Flash Points	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: 24°C (75.2°F) . (Tagliabue.). OPEN CUP: 37.8°C (100°F). (Cleveland). (Xylenes)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is LOWER: 0.9% UPPER: 10.5% (Parachlorobenzotrifluoride)
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), and other toxic compounds (nitrogen oxides, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide).
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Yes.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO2, alcohol foam or water spray. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Never direct a water jet in the container in order to prevent any splashing of the product which could cause spreading of the fire. Cool the containers with water spray or fog in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against toxic and irritating fumes. During a fire, isocyanate vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated (due to pressure build-up). Vapor forms explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits.



Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Treat with a neutralizing solution (5% ammonia water, or 5-10 % sodium carbonate in water). Wear suitable protective clothing and respirator.
Large Spill	Poisonous flammable liquid, insoluble or very slightly soluble in water. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Warn personnel to move away. Stop leak if without risk. DO NOT touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Cover with WET earth, sand or other non-combustible material, or with DRY absorbent wetted with a neutralizing solution (5% ammonia water, or 5-10% sodium carbonate in water). After 15 minutes transfer it to waste container, or put in open drums - fill the drums half way. Do not seal - evolution of CO2 can cause pressure build-up. Keep drums (not sealed) outside, or in safe ventilated area for a few days. After clean-up monitor the vapors concentration. Use the neutralizing solution to decontaminate the surface and the tools. The spilled material, clean-up residues, and spent decontamination solution are hazardous wastes. Call for assistance on disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Manipulate in a well ventilated area. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Contact lenses should not be worn. Keep away from foodstuff, drinks and tobacco. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal to the work-station location. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label when possible). Individuals with respiratory problems (asthma, chronic bronchitis), or allergic to isocyanates or solvents, should avoid any contact with this product. ATTENTION: Isocyanate vapors cannot be smelled until concentrations are well above the safe exposure limit! Ground all equipment containing material (during handling, mixing and spraying).

Storage Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Contains moisture sensitive material; store in a dry place. Keep away from incompatibles. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point lower than 37.8 C(100 F).

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal to the work-station location. Do air monitoring if possible.

Personal Protection During mixing, handling and application: Splash goggles. Full protective clothing. Gloves (impervious). Suitable respiratory equipment. When air concentrations are not known or above the TLV, an air-supplied respirator, or SCBA (self-contained breathing apparatus) is required. Refer to OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134). When welding, refer to OSHA Standard (29 CFR 1926.354): Welding, Cutting and Heating in Way of Preservative Coatings. ATTN: Air-purifying (cartridge type) respirators are not approved for protection against isocyanates due to their low warning properties.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves (impervious). Self-contained breathing apparatus (for above TLV, or unknown vapor concentrations), must be used to avoid inhalation of the product. NOTE: Air-purifying (cartridge type) respirators are not approved for protection against isocyanates.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance	Liquid.	Odor	Aromatic.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.	Taste	Not available.
pH (1% soln/water)	Not applicable.	Color	Transparent silver
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is 138.5°C (281.3°F) (Xylenes). Weighted average: 194.9°C (382.8°F)	Odor Threshold	ATTENTION: ISOCYANATE VAPORS CANNOT BE SMELLED UNTIL CONCENTRATIONS ARE WELL ABOVE THE SAFE EXPOSURE LIMIT!
Melting Point	May start to solidify at -19°C (-2.2°F) based on data for: Homopolymer of HDI. Weighted average: -24.68°C (-12.4°F)	Evaporation rate	0.72 (Xylenes).compared to Butyl acetate.
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Viscosity	Not available.
Specific Gravity	1.16 (Water = 1)	Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	0
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 6.72 mm of Hg (@ 20°C) (Xylenes). Weighted average: 5.58 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)	Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 3.7 (Air = 1) (Xylenes). Weighted average: 3.7 (Air = 1)	Dispersion Properties	Is not dispersed in water.
Volatility	37% (v/v). 39% (w/w).	Solubility	Insoluble in water.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Instability Temperature	Not available.
Conditions of Instability	Not available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Incompatible with water, strong oxidizing agents, amines, strong bases, strong acids, alcohols. Absorbs moisture from the air. Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO2 gas.
Corrosivity	Not considered to be corrosive for glass and metals according to our data base.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	React slowly with water to liberate CO2 gas. (Homopolymer of HDI)

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Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry	Inhalation. Skin contact (absorption). Eye contact. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	See: Section 2
Chronic Effects on Humans	The substance is toxic to mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, lungs, blood, kidney, liver. Exposure may cause asthma, decrease of lung capacity, dermatitis and pulmonary oedema; effects may be delayed. Sensitive individuals may develop eczema and/or asthma on inhalation of this material. However, in light of good industrial hygiene, exposure to any chemical should be kept to a minimum.
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	See: Section 3
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Embryofetotoxic in animal studies. (Xylene)
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Isocyanates are not known to cause cancer in humans, but may cause skin and respiratory sensitization in humans. Sensitive individuals may develop eczema and/or asthma on inhalation of this material. Exposure may cause asthma, dermatitis and pulmonary oedema; effects may be delayed. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage, and other systemic effects. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling vapors may be harmful or fatal.
Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans	Exposure can cause nausea, headache and vomiting. Over-exposure can cause lung irritation, chest pain and oedema which may be fatal. Sensitizer - skin and inhalation. Medical supervision of all employees who come in contact with this product is recommended (preemployment and periodic medical examinations).

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not available.
BOD5 and COD	Not available.
Products of Biodegradation	Not available.
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	No additional remarks.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	In accordance with municipal, state, and federal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch.
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Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification	DOT CLASS 3: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). PG: III
DOT Identification number	UN1263 Paint
Special Provisions for Transport	No specific remarks.
DOT (Pictograms)	



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Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms

Other Regulations TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): All components of this product are either reported in EPA TSCA Inventory, or exempt. OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications WHMIS (Canada)

DSCL (EEC)

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health Hazard	3
Fire Hazard	3
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	X

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health



Fire Hazard

Reactivity

Specific hazard

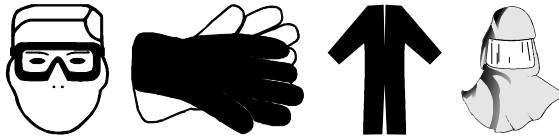
WHMIS (Canada) (Pictograms)

DSCL (Europe) (Pictograms)

TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)

ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)

Protective Clothing (Pictograms)



Section 16. Other Information

References Manufacturer's MSDS, RTESC, NIOSH, CCOHS.

Other Special Considerations Individuals with respiratory problems (asthma, chronic bronchitis) should avoid any contact with this product. Medical supervision of all employees who come in contact with this product is recommended (pre-employment and periodic medical examination).

Validated by Heidi Brown on 23/04/2009.

Verified by Heidi Brown .

Printed 23/04/2009.

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS:

USA and Canada: 1-800 424-9300

International: 1-703 527-3887

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